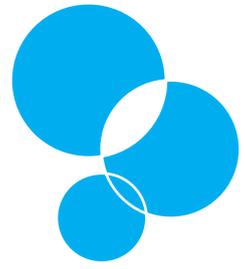
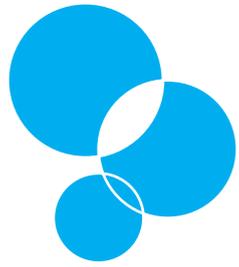


Interaktives Fluidsystem



Übersicht

- Einführung in das Thema
- Inspiration und Ansatz
- Umsetzung



Einführung

- Flüssigkeiten Interaktion bei angemessener Performance
- Funktionalität > Realismus // Optik haben andere übernommen
- Inspiration: WindWaker





Jump

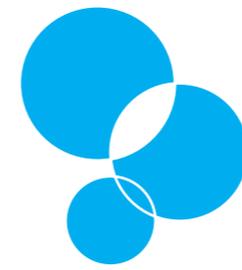
Put Away

FREE

A cluster of game icons in the top right. It includes a green bag with a white swirl, a yellow camera, a red telescope, and a yellow sign with a crown and the word "FREE".

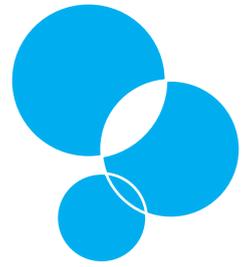
089

A green gem icon is positioned to the left of the number 089.



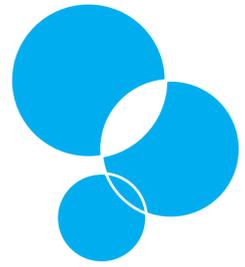
Inspiration

- Bäche haben keinen echten „Fluss“
- wirken nur durch eine animierte Textur bewegt
- Ziel:
Performante Lösung von fließendem Wasser / Flüssigkeit mit (erhöhter) Reaktionsfähigkeit
>> ausbaufähiges System



Ansatz

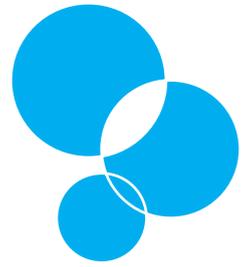
- Screen Space Fluid
Rendering for Games
// Simon Green
// Nvidia
- Particle Based
Fluid Simulation



Ansatz

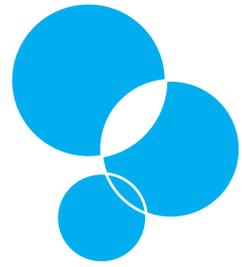
- Emitter für Partikel
- Partikel mit Lifetime und Interpartikel-Kollision
- Shader, awesome!





Umsetzung

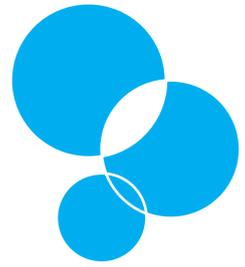
- PartikelSystem
- Shader, aww Yeah!
- Komposition
- Weiterführende Arbeit



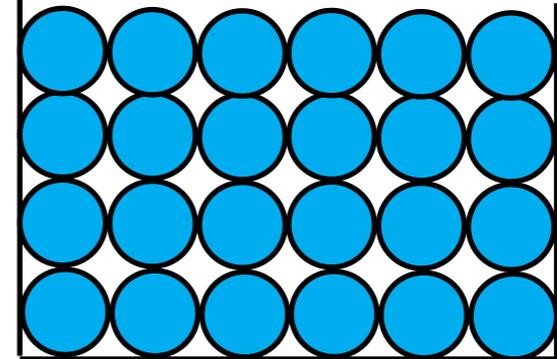
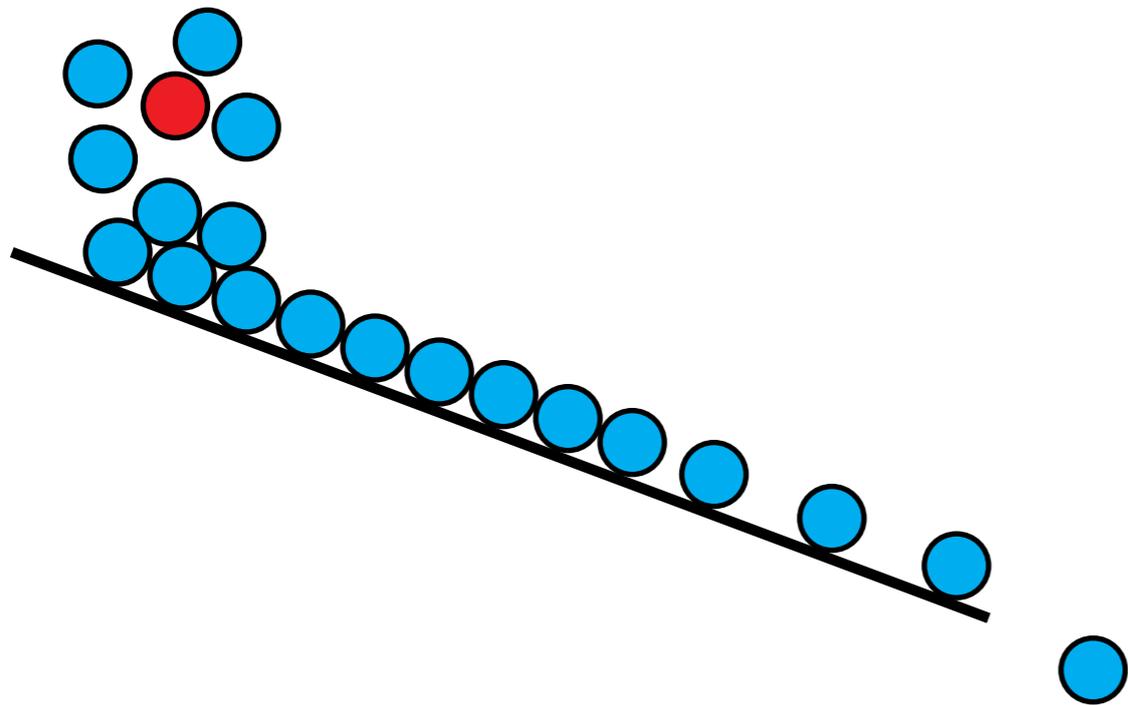
PartikelSystem

- Emitter
- Prefab mit Material und weiteren Eigenschaften wie Lifetime, Verhalten,
- Kugeln -> {Magie} -> Flüssigkeit? ヽ(ツ)ノ

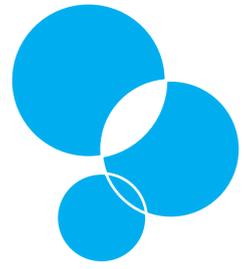
Performance?
Kollision: n^2



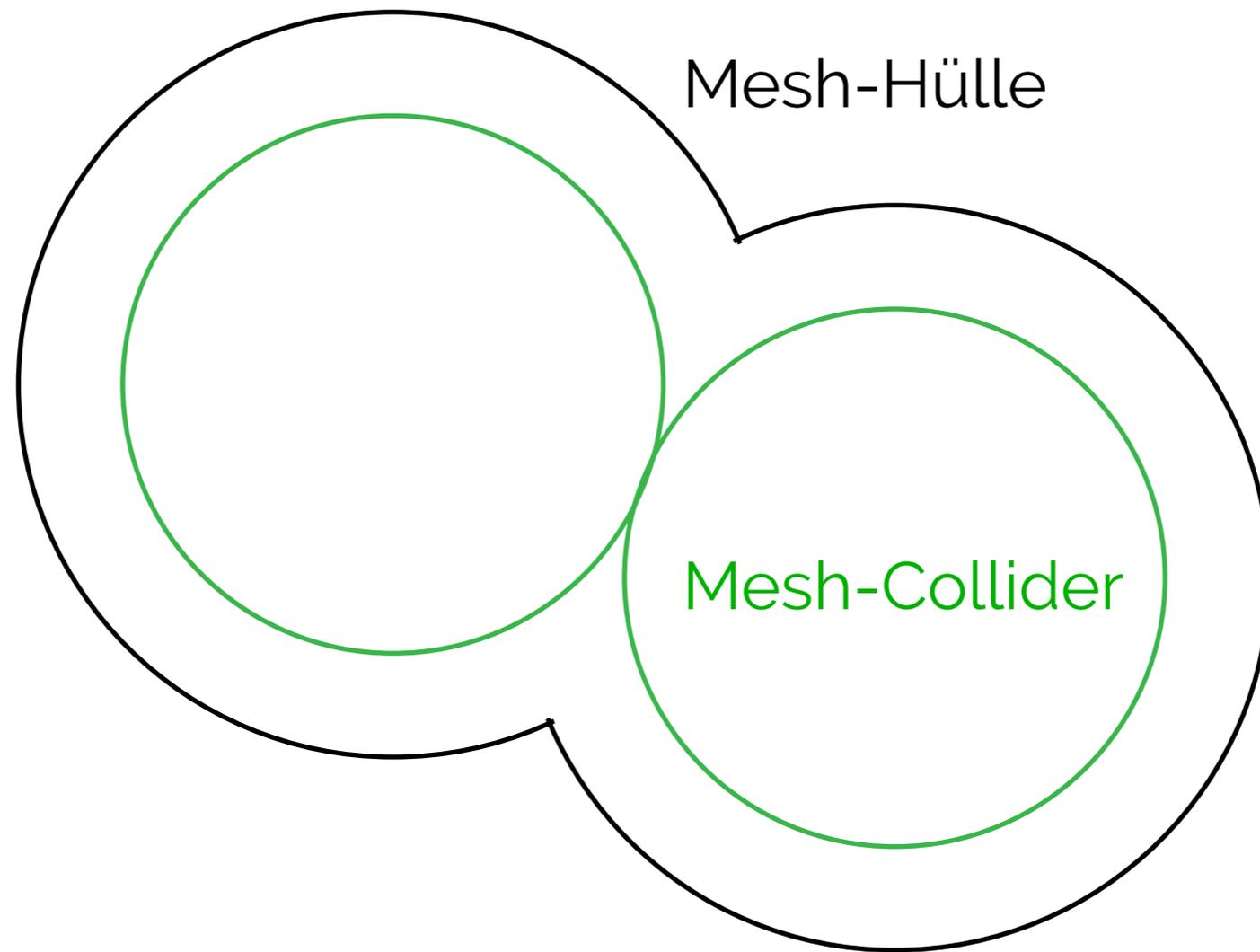
PartikelSystem

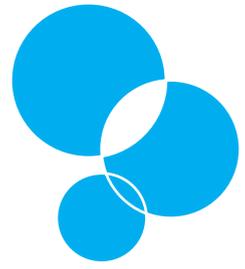


100 Spheres = 100 Volumeneinheiten

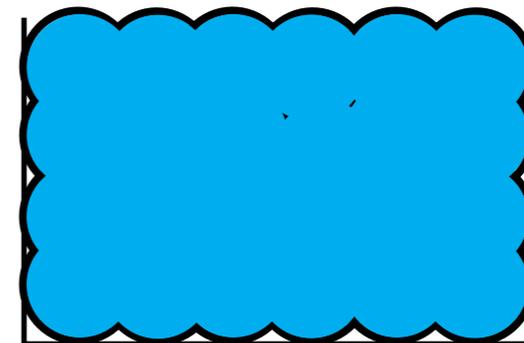
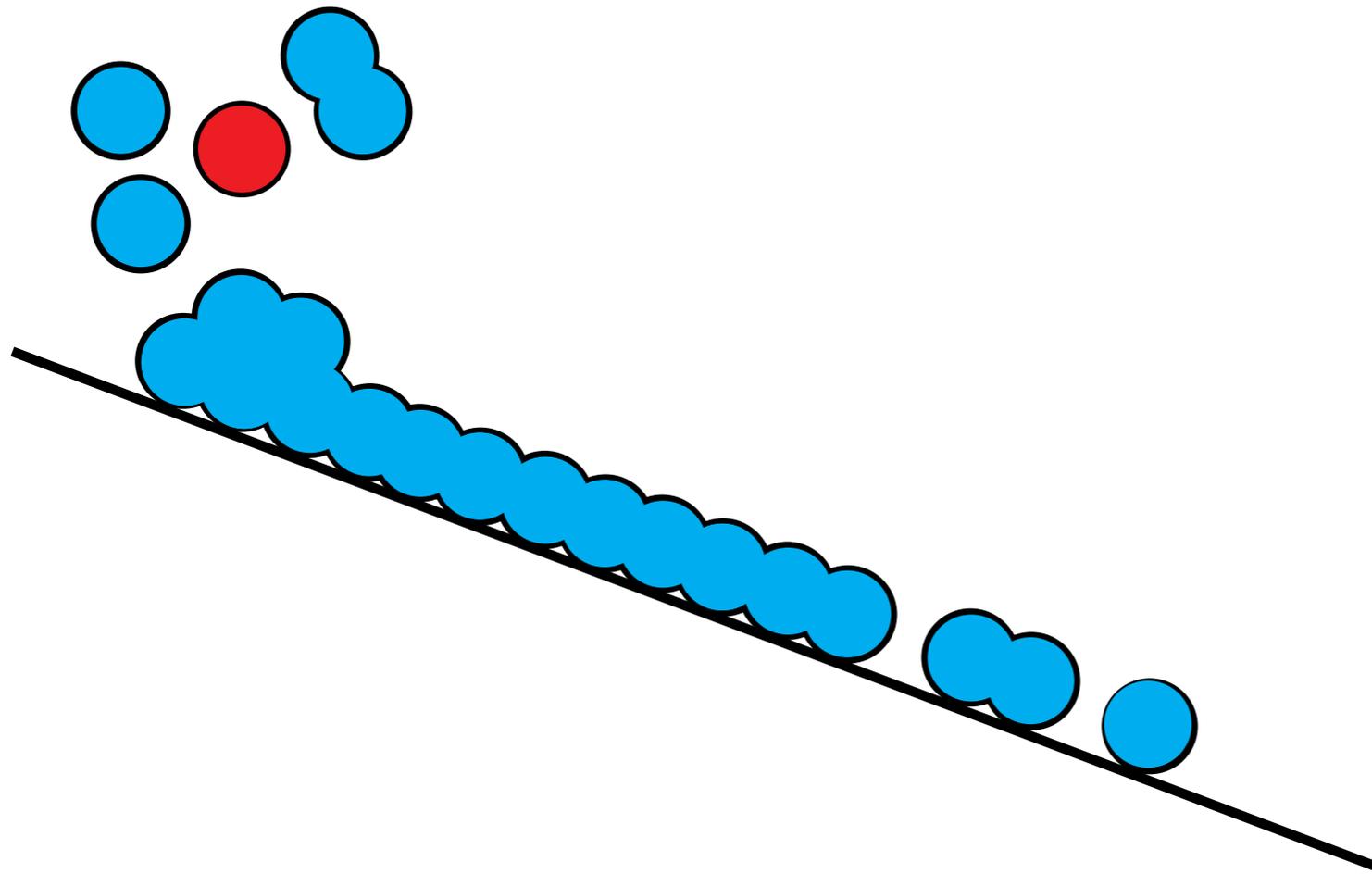


PartikelSystem



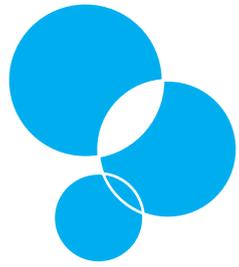


PartikelSystem

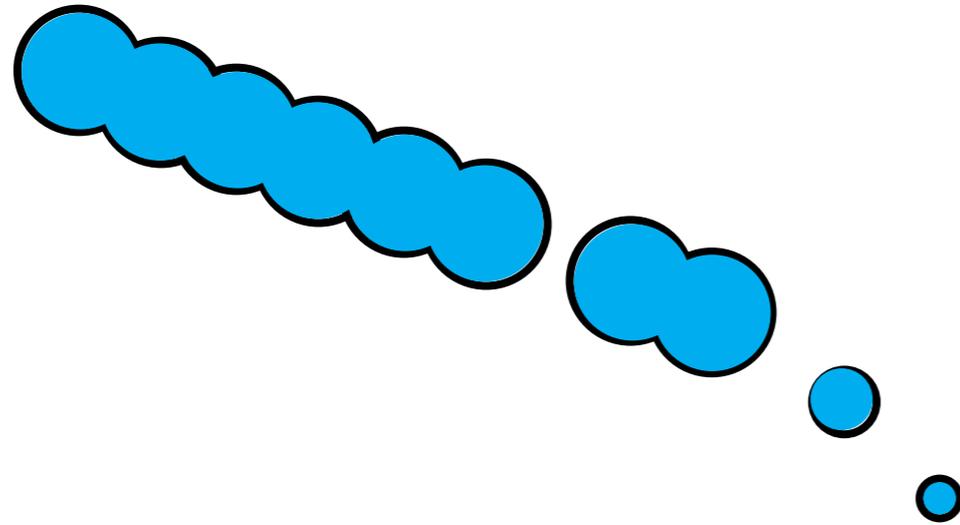


Performance?
Kollision: n^2

100 Spheres = 70 Volumeneinheiten



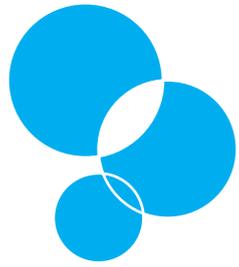
PartikelSystem



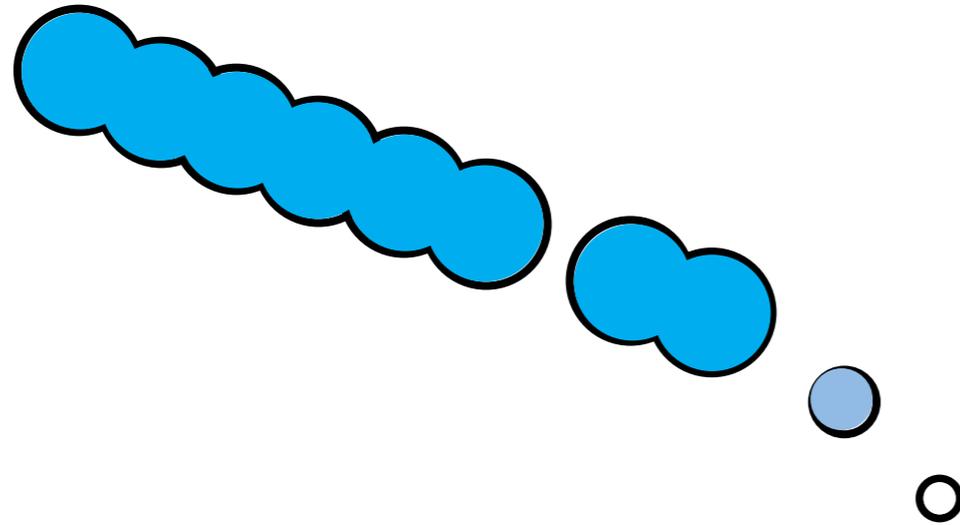
Prüfung der Gruppenzugehörigkeit durch Kollision mit anderen Partikeln

```
void OnCollisionEnter(Collision col)
{
    if (col.gameObject.tag == "Bubble") timeSinceLastCol = Time.time;
}
```

```
if (Time.time - timeSinceLastCol >= secondsUntilFoam && Time.time - startTime >= foamStartThreshold)
{
    isFoam = true;
}
if (Time.time - startTime >= lifeTime)
{
    isFoam = true;
}
```



PartikelSystem



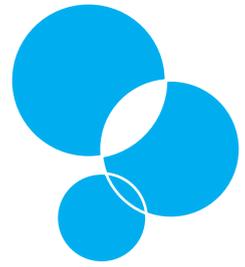
Prüfung der Gruppenzugehörigkeit durch Kollision mit anderen Partikeln

```
if (isFoam)
{
    this.gameObject.GetComponent<Renderer>().material.SetFloat("_WhiteFactor", 3 - this.gameObject.transform.localScale.x);

    if (this.gameObject.transform.localScale.x <= 0.3)
    {
        Destroy(this.gameObject);
    }

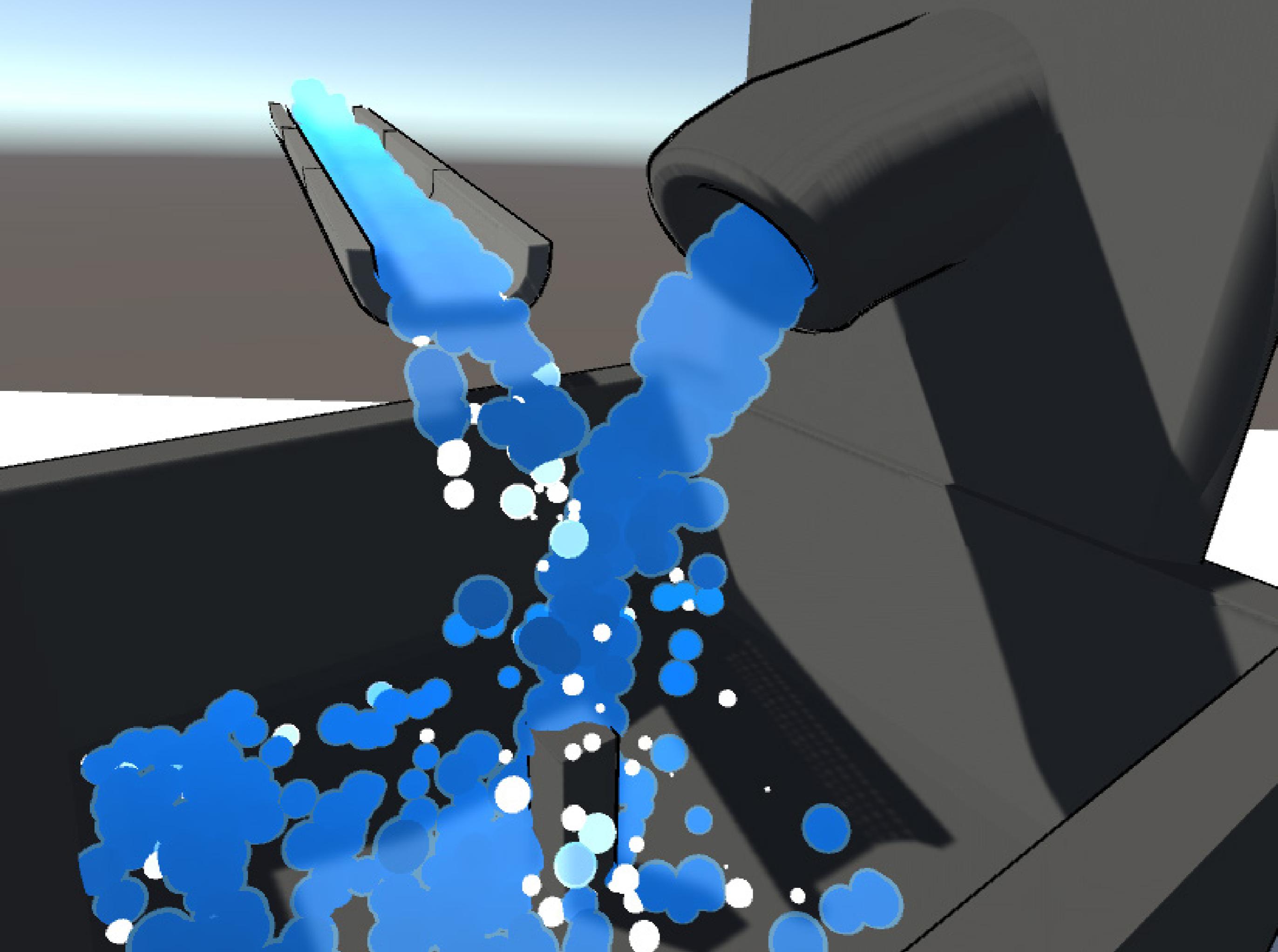
    this.gameObject.transform.localScale *= foamScale;
}
}
```

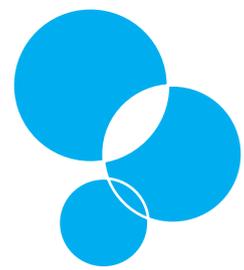
Shader, cool!



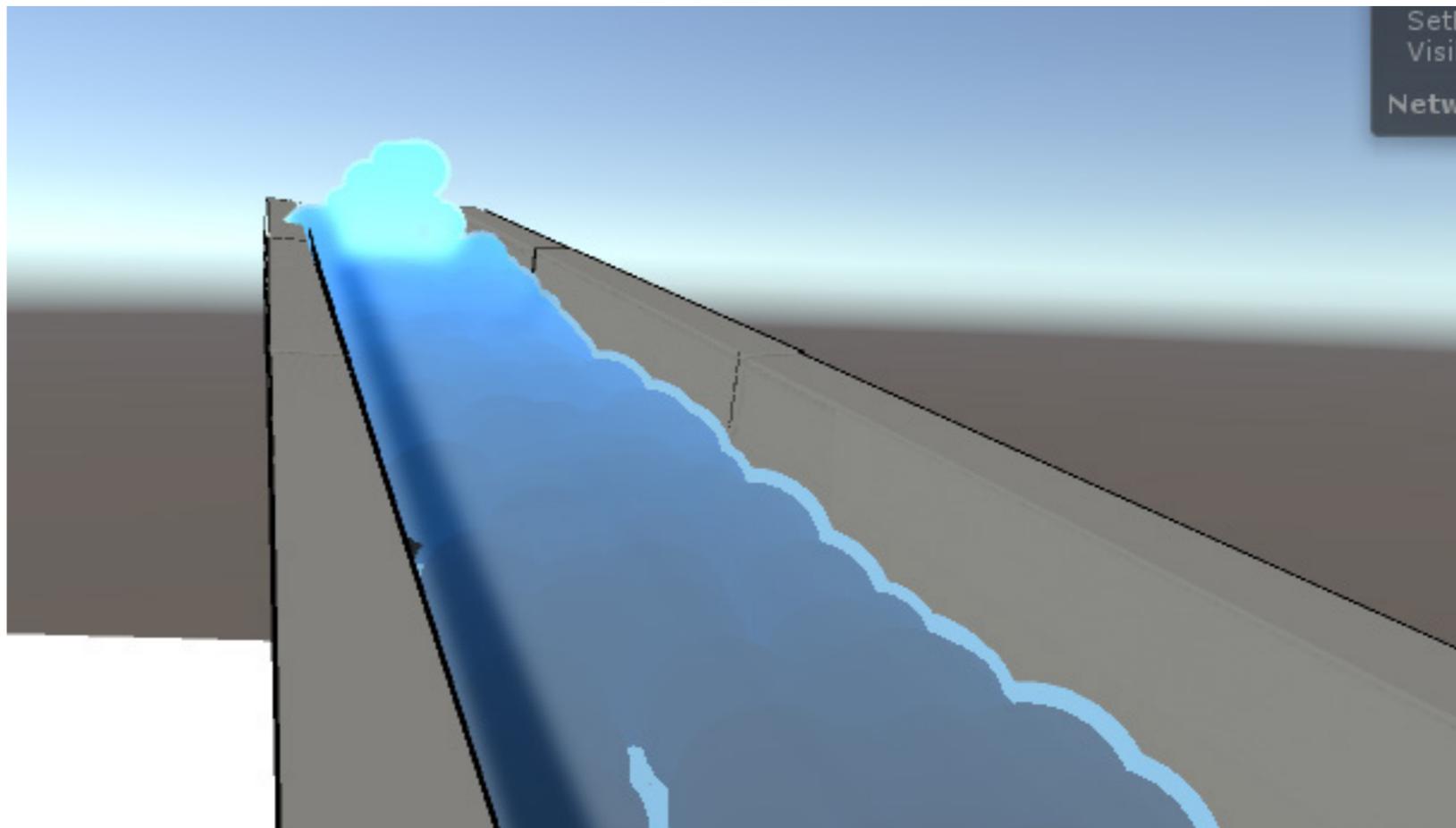
Shader, yeah!

- DepthTexture
- Outline (DepthTexture?)
 - Komposition
- Transparenz
- Schaum

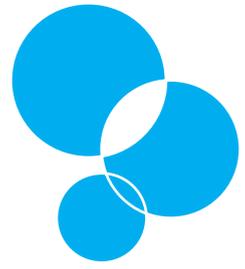




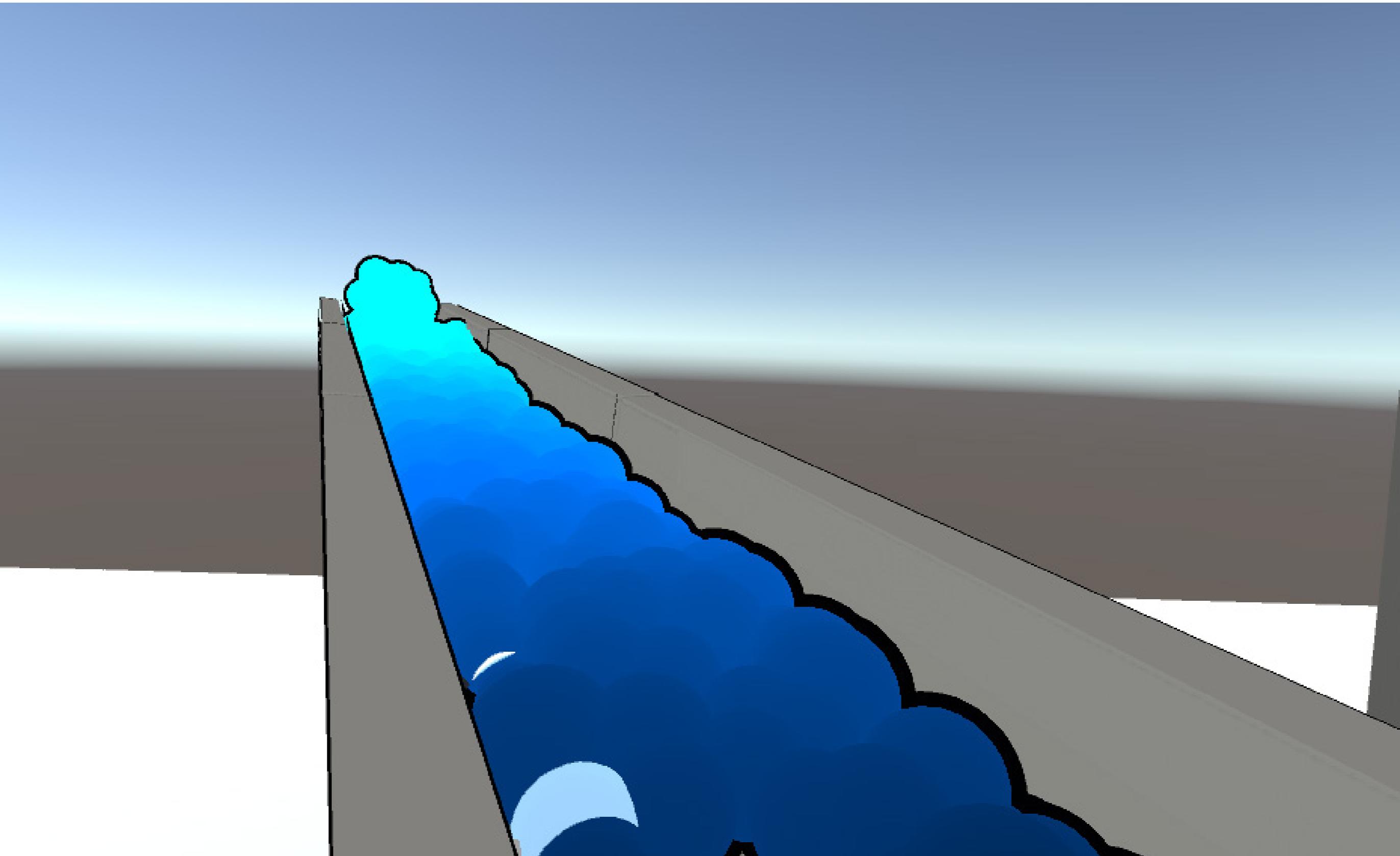
Shader

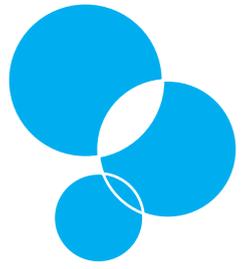


DepthTexture

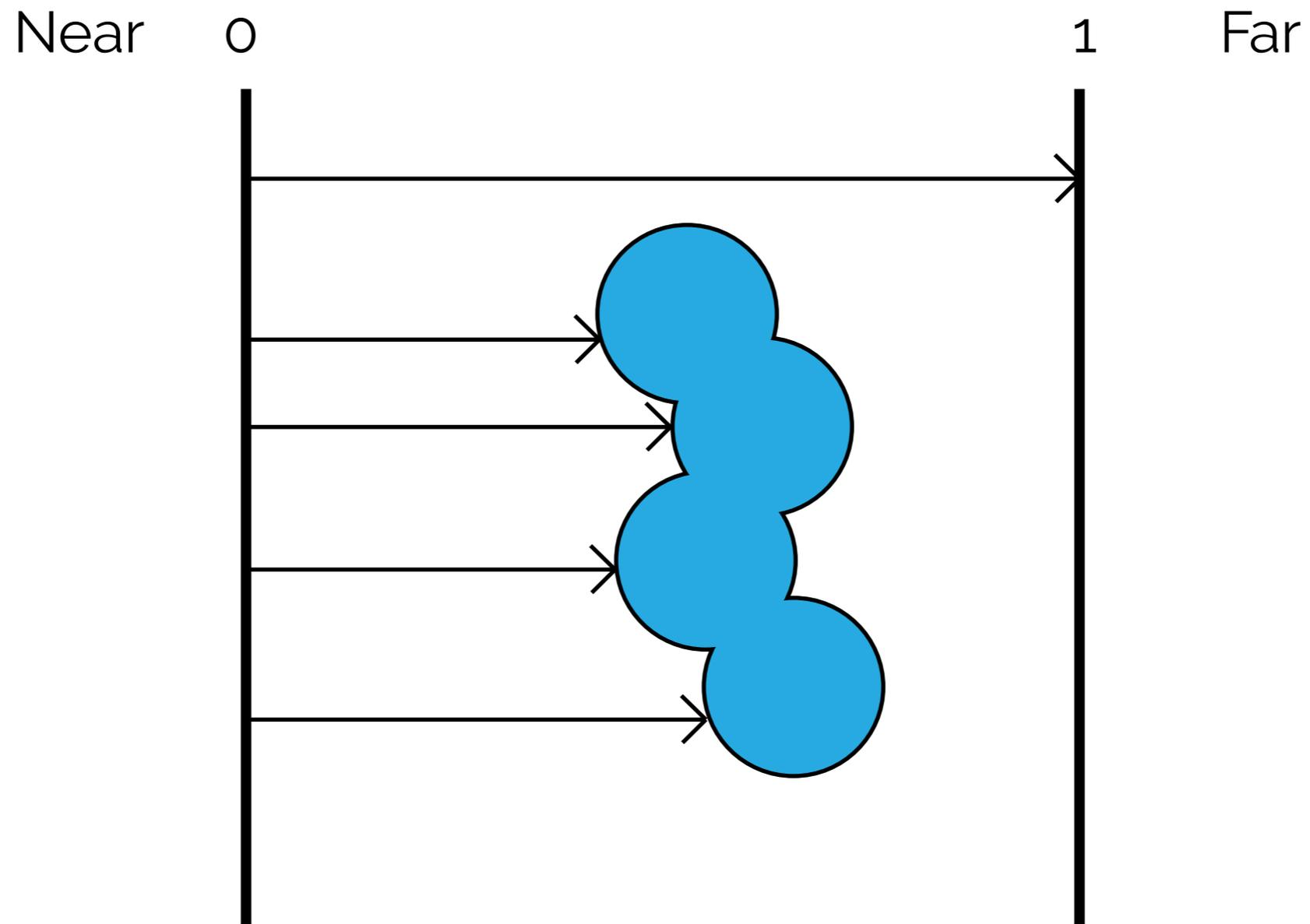


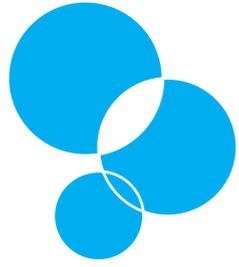
DepthTexture





DepthTexture

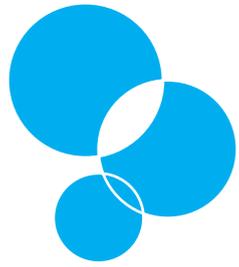




DepthTexture

mögl. Anwendung

- 3D Effekt
- ScreenSpace Effects
- Weichzeichnen der FluidOberfläche
- Siehe Simon Green
- Aber die ist doch Grau, oder?

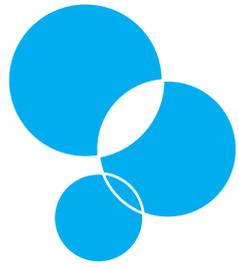


Parameter

```
Properties{
```

```
    _MainTex("Transparenz Textur", 2D) = "" {}  
    _Color("Color", Color) = (1,1,1,1)  
    _OutlineColor("OutColor",Color) = (1,1,1,1)  
    _ColorFactor("Intensität", float) = 5  
    _WhiteFactor("Schaum Faktor",float) = 0  
    _FoamIsWhite("Weiß 1 / Schwarz 0",int) = 0  
    _Transparency("Transparenz", Range(0.0 , 1)) = 0.5  
    _OutlineThickness("Outline Stärke", Range(0.0,1.0)) = 0.2
```

```
}
```



DepthTexture

```
//Fragement Shader Abschnitt -> Einfärbung nach Tiefe
```

```
half4 frag(v2f i) : COLOR
```

```
{
```

```
    //Ausgabe Werte vorbereiten
```

```
    half4 depthOut = _Color;
```

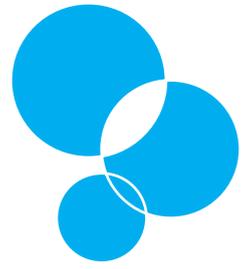
```
    float depthValue;
```

```
    depthValue = Linear01Depth(tex2Dproj(_CameraDepthTexture, UNITY_PROJ_COORD(i.scrPos)).r);
```

```
    depthOut.r *= depthValue*_ColorFactor;
```

```
    depthOut.g *= depthValue*_ColorFactor;
```

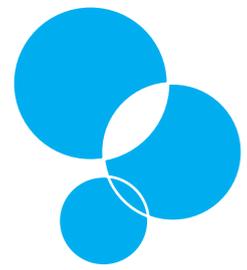
```
    depthOut.b *= depthValue*_ColorFactor;
```



Outline

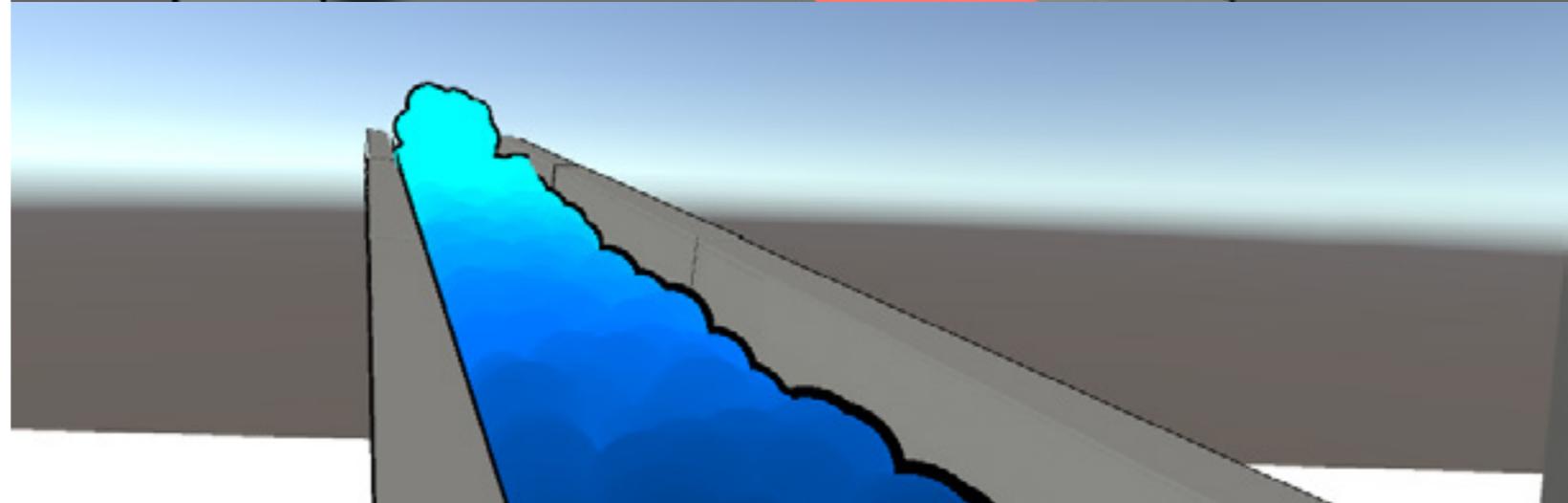
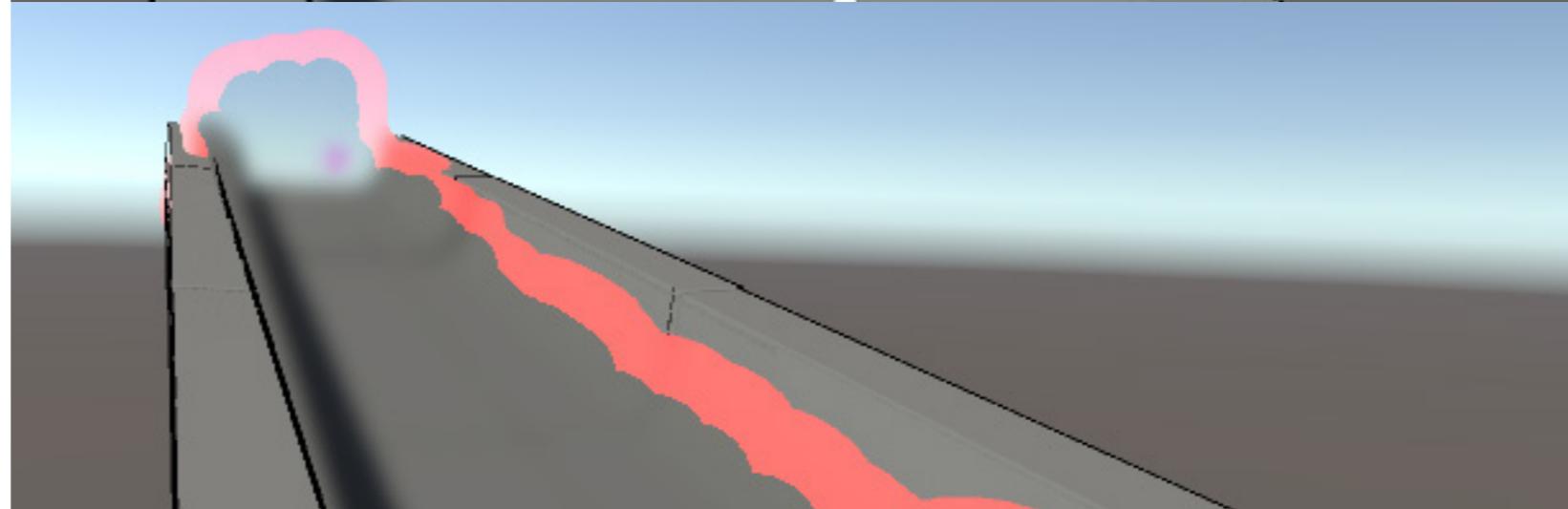
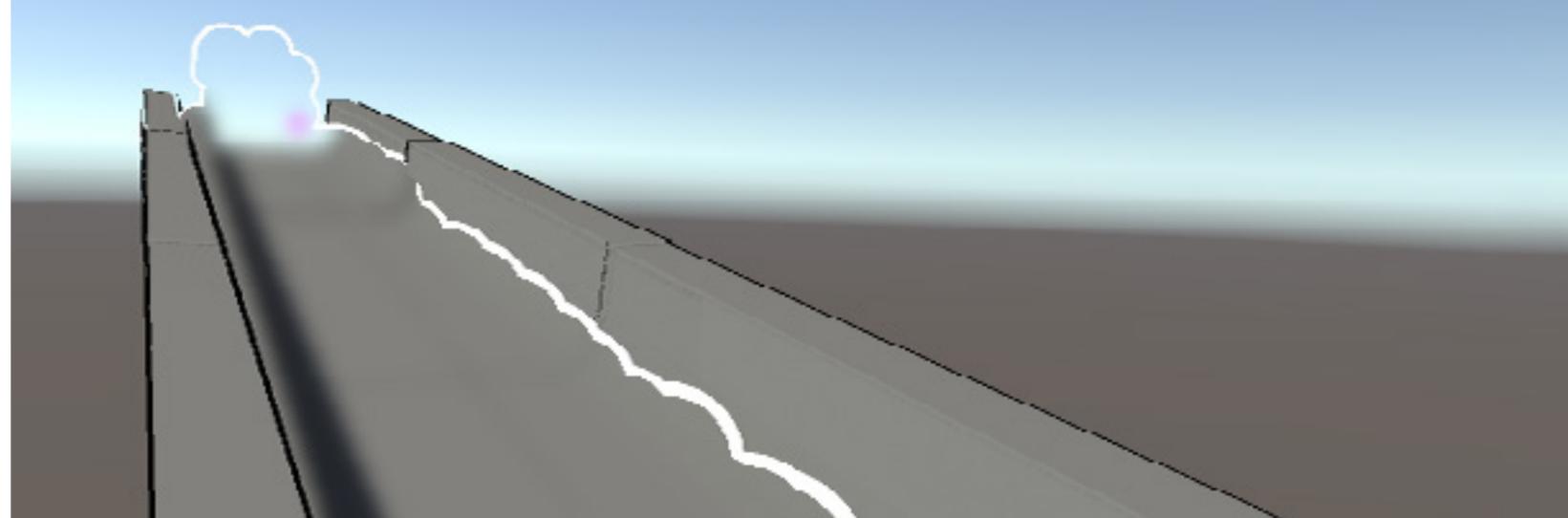
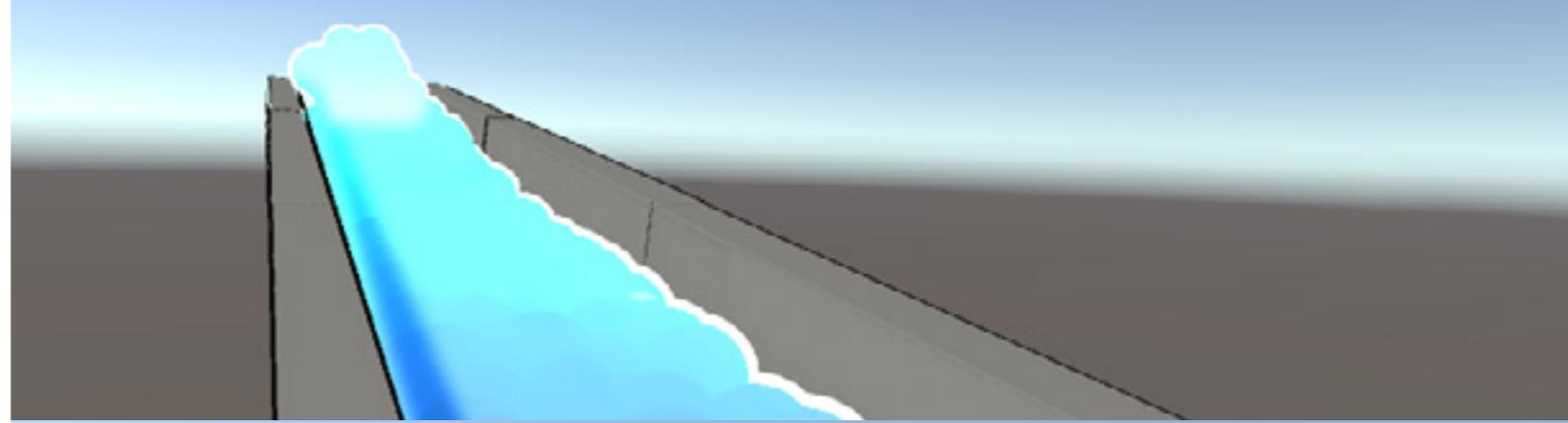
- Einbettung in Szenerie und Stil
- Verdeutlichen des Fluidkörpers
- *Fancy*

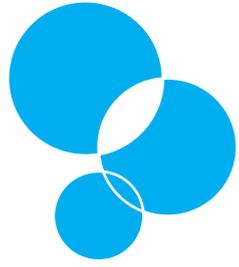




Outline

- Farbe wählbar
- Dicke wählbar
- DepthTexture abhängig
(Vertex Shader)





Outline

Magie

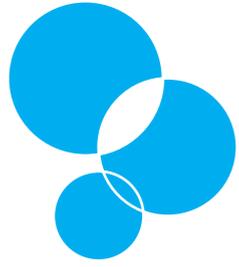
```
//Vertex Shader Abschnitt
v2f vert(appdata_full v)
{
    v2f o;
    v.vertex.xyz *= 1+_OutlineThickness; // outline

    o.pos = mul(UNITY_MATRIX_MVP, v.vertex);
    o.scrPos = ComputeScreenPos(o.pos);

    return o;
}
```

- im Fragment Shader:

```
if (depthValue >= 0.9) //OutlineFarbe bei größerer Tiefe
{
    depthOut.rgb = _OutlineColor;
}
```



Outline depthValue?

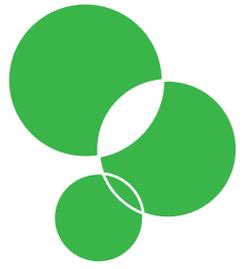
- Warum kann auf Basis des Tiefenwertes eine Outline gezeichnet werden, obwohl Geometrie direkt dahinter liegt?
- Komposition



Komposition

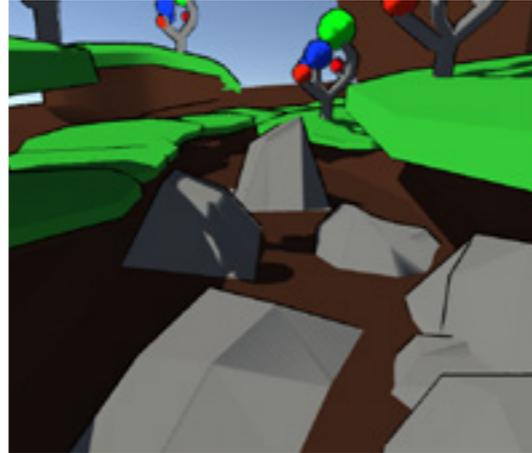
- Zusammenfügen diverse Kameras und Effekte in der Szene
- 3 Kameras
Tiefe/Szene, Partikel, BlurSzene
- Warum Blur nicht im Shader?



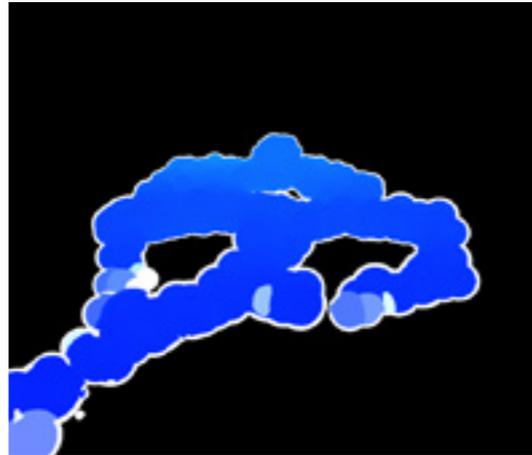


Komposition

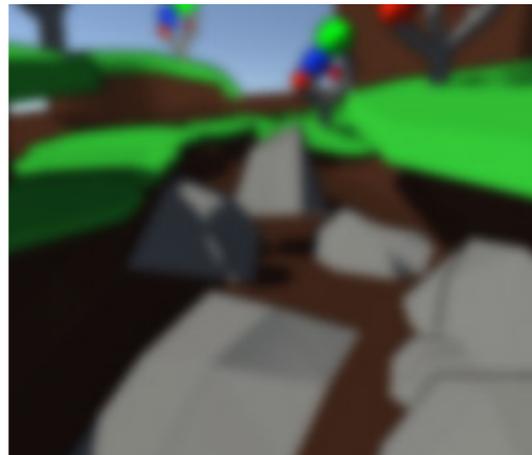
Szene



Partikel

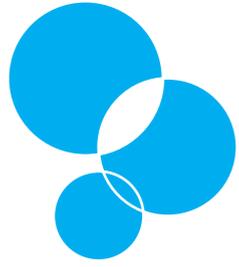


Szene



Final

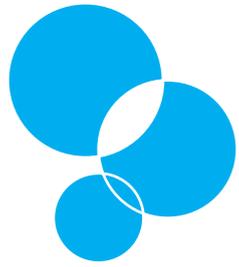




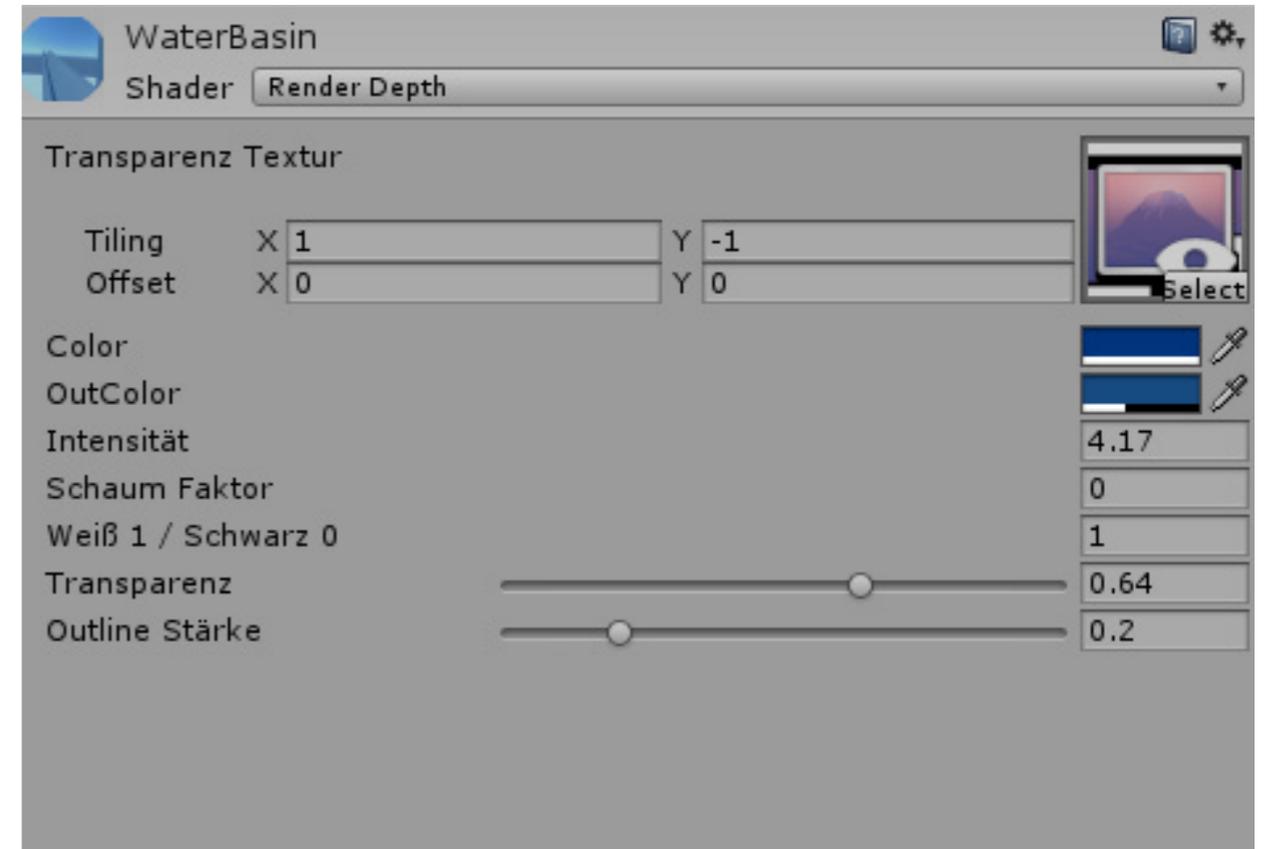
Outline

depthValue!

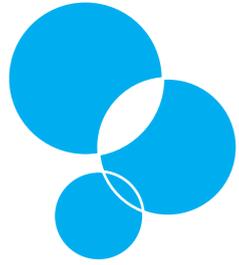
- Partikelkamera betrachtet nur die Partikel
- Tiefenwerte werden für die Partikel in Farbe gewandelt
- betrachtet die Partikelkamera bereiche um den Partikel herum:
 $\text{depthValue} \geq 0.9$
- Es sei denn: Partikel hinter Partikel
-> Outline nur am Rand des Fluids



Transparenz



- Betrachten des Hintergrundes mit der 3. Kamera -> RenderTexture
- ImageEffects -> Blur
- Kombinieren des Hintergrundes als Textur im Shader



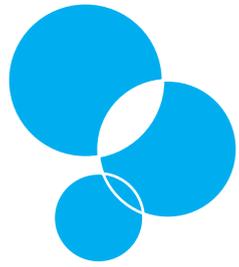
Transparenz

- Blur Image positionieren
(Vertex Shader)

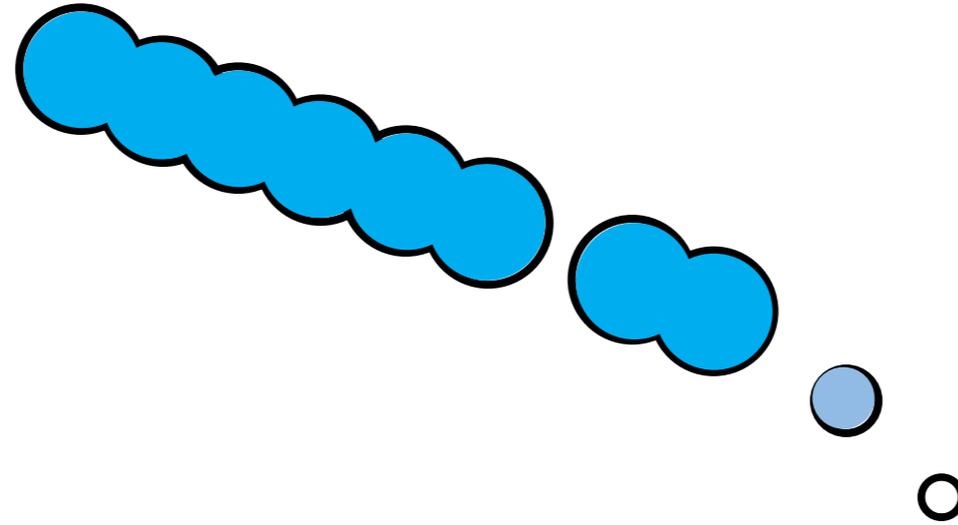
```
fixed4 col = tex2Dproj(_MainTex, UNITY_PROJ_COORD(i.scrPos));
```

- berechnete Farbwerte mit Blur Image
und Transparenzwert kombinieren
(Fragment Shader)

```
return depthOut + col * _Transparency;
```



Schaum



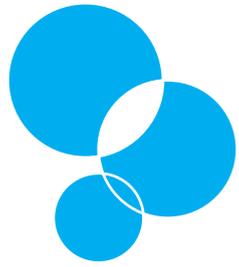
- Größe und Kontrolle durch Skript

```
if (isFoam)
{
    this.gameObject.GetComponent<Renderer>().material.SetFloat("_WhiteFactor", 3 - this.gameObject.transform.localScale.x);

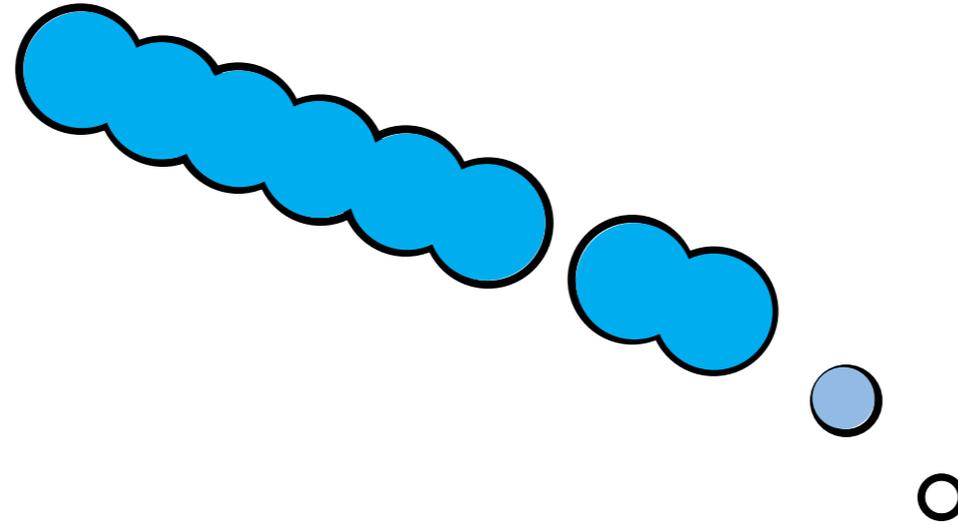
    if (this.gameObject.transform.localScale.x <= 0.3)
    {
        Destroy(this.gameObject);
    }

    this.gameObject.transform.localScale *= foamScale;
}
}
```

- Addieren der Helligkeitsvariable zur allgemeinen Farbe

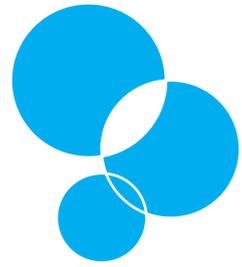


Schaum



- Addieren/Subtrahieren der Helligkeitsvariable

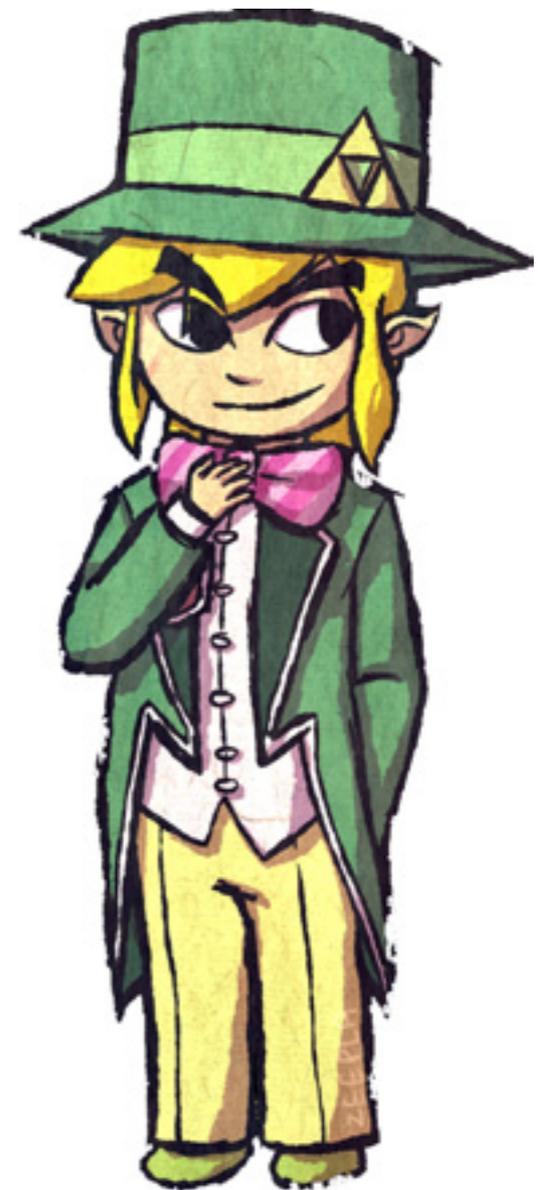
```
if (_FoamIsWhite == 1)
{
    depthOut += _WhiteFactor;
}
else
{
    depthOut -= _WhiteFactor;
}
```



Weiterführende Arbeit

- ScreenSpace Effects auf Basis der DepthTexture oder DepthNormalTexture
- Anpassen und Einfügen weiterer Parameter

Danke



Felix Bukatz
550105
MI-5